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Karl-Heinz Weber Heinrichstraße 12 D-45711 Datteln/Horneburg SAFEGUARD does not allow duplicate ACL entries, but allows 'super fluous' ACLs and access rights.

Assume the following ACL for a disk file:

```
=info diskfile save
$GHS1.CLEANACL
SAVE
                15FEB99,
                          9:55
                                   100,5
                                             THAWED
    100,005
                R,W,E,P,C,O
   100,006 DENY
   100,255
                R,W,E,P,
   100,*
   100,*
           DENY
                  W,E,P,
                          0
                R,W,E,P,
 \*.*,*
                          0
```

When you have a closer look, then you easily find out, that there are duplicate entries. In the following list, super fluous ACLs are marked with an asterisk, and super fluous access rights are shown in lower case letters:

Wouldn't it be nice to have a tool, that automatically adjusts the ACLs and access right entries to the minimum of necessary entries, e.g. to the following list:

```
=info diskfile save

$GHS1.CLEANACL

SAVE 15FEB99, 12:10 100,5 THAWED

100,005 C

100,* DENY W,E,P, O

\*.*,* R,W,E,P, O
```

The freeware tool SFACL (Super fluous ACL) from *GreenHouse* does this.

SFACL is a TAL program, which has an interface to SAFEGUARD/SAFECOM to get all SAFEGUARD settings, and to perform necessary changes. SFACL can be used to:

- Display all super fluous ACLs and access entries, and optionally show the intermediate cleanup steps (EXPAMIN option)
- Display AND clean-up super fluous ACLs and access entries.

## Command syntax:

[run] SFACL [/OUT [<file>]/] <type> <item> [,CLEANUP][,EXPLAIN]

where

file

OUT device to which the evaluation and access results have to be reported. In case the file does not exists, it is creates a an EDIT type file. In case the file exists, the output is appended to the EOF.

type

Defines the object type of interest. Is one of:

- DISKFILE
- SUBVOLUME
- VOLUME
- PROCESS
- SUBPROCESS
- DEVICE
- SUBDEVICE
- OBJECTTYPE

Types can be abbreviated according to the SAFEGUARD supported rules.

item

Name of item, e.g. a file name;

Depending on <type>, wild cards are supported.

**CLEANUP** 

When present directs SFACL to clean up all super fluous ACLs and access

entries

**EXPLAIN** 

When present directs SFACL to displays the intermediate clean-up results.

Does work only for fully qualified file names (no wildcard support).

Running SFACL without any parameter, or with an unexpected one, causes SFACL to display the following help screen:

```
Required parameter(s) missing
Command syntax is:
  [run] SFACL [/OUT[<file>]/] <object-type> <template> [,CLEANUP][,EXPLAIN]
where
 <file>
                when present defines the file to which the
                evaluation results and actions are reported.
 <object-type>
               defines the SAFEGUARD object of interest.
                Valid object types are:
                VOL[UME]
                SUBVOL[UME]
                [DISK]FILE
                PROC[ESS]
                SUBPROC[ESS]
                DEV[ICE]
                SUBDEV[ICE]
                OBJECT[TYPE]
 <template>
                is an object name template;
                wild cards are supported when object-type does.
 CLEANUP
                causes SFACL to purge all super fluous ACL
                and access entries.
 EXPLAIN
                displays the intermediate results of the
                clea-up steps.
e.g.
  SFACL DISKFILE $GHS1.*.*
```

A typical clean-up session looks like this:

```
$GHS1 CLEANACL 5> object diskfile save, CLEANUP
SFACL (100) - T9999G03 - (11Feb1999) System \BEECH, running NSK G02
Copyright (c) GreenHouse Software & Consulting 1999
>>> Collecting all ACLs
>>> Relevant ACLs
$GHS1.CLEANACL.SAVE
                                       100,005 r,w,e,p,C,o
                                       100,006 DENY e
                                       100,255 r,w,e,p, o *
                                       100,*
                                                  r
                                       100,* DENY W,E,P, O
                                    \*.*,*
                                                  R,W,E,P, O
>>> Adjusting super fluous ACLs
ALTER DISKFILE $GHS1.CLEANACL.SAVE ,ACCESS
                                           100,005 - (R,W,E,P,O)
                                           100,006 - DENY (E)
ALTER DISKFILE $GHS1.CLEANACL.SAVE ,ACCESS
                                           100,255 - (R,W,E,P,O)
ALTER DISKFILE $GHS1.CLEANACL.SAVE ,ACCESS
ALTER DISKFILE $GHS1.CLEANACL.SAVE ,ACCESS
                                           100,* - (R)
Done
$GHS1 CLEANACL 6>
```

The output can be directed to an OUT file, e.g. a SPOOLER location. In case OUT does not exists, it becomes created as EDIT type file.

To list the super fluous ACLs and access entries of all disk files, the command is: **SFACL DISKFILE \$\*.\*.**\*

To clean-up all super fluous ACLs and access entries of all processes, the command is: SFACL PROCESS \$\*, CLEANUP

In case the object types:

- DISKFILE
- SUBVOL
- PROCESS
- SUBPROCESS
- DEVICE
- SUBDEVICE

are set to CHECK OFF, all access entries of these types are marked super fluous.

```
SFACL (101) - T9999G03 - (16Feb1999)
                                   System \BEECH, running NSK G02
Copyright (c) GreenHouse Software & Consulting 1999
>>> Collecting all ACLs
>>> Relevant ACLs
SGHS1.SFACL.SAVE
                                      100,005
                                                              Check Off
                                                r,w,e,p,c,o
                                      100,006 DENY r,w, p
                                                              Check Off
                                      100,255 r,w,e,p, o * Check Off
                                      200,005
                                                           * Check Off
                                                r
                                                              Check Off
                                      200,005 DENY e
                                                           * Check Off
                                      100,* r
                                      *,*
                                                r,w,e,p, o * Check Off
                                   \*.*,*
                                                 r,w,e,p, o Check Off
Done
$GHS1 SFACL 39>
```

In case the object types

VOLUME

is set to CHECK OFF, all access entries, EXCEPT Create (C), are marked super fluous:

## **ACL Evaluation Logic**

SFACL uses the following steps to find, and delete super fluous ACL entries:

- 1. In a first step, all ACLs, matching the given type and item are read from the system.
- 2. In the second step all ACL entries are processed in the following order:
  - Access rights are marked super fluous when there is a matching DENY entry.
  - Access rights are marked super fluous when there is a 'higher' matching access right.
  - DENY access rights are checked for 'higher' DENY access rights.
  - We finally check for 'lonely' DENY entries.
  - In case we evaluate a VOLUME ACL, we take the optional CHECK VOLUME OFF setting into account

else

- In case we evaluate a SUBVOL, DISKFILE, PROCESS, SUBPROCESS, DEVICE or SUBDEVICE, we take the optional CHECK <item> OFF setting into account.
- 3. In the final clean-up step, the found super fluous ACL entries are passed to SAFECOM in an ALTER command, causing a deletion of them.

Please report any error and/or request for enhancements to:

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